IDIOPATHIC PULMONARY FIBROSIS

IPF REALLY ADDS UP

ABOUT

50,000 titi

new US patients every year are diagnosed with **IPF**

enough to fill a

BASEBALL STADIUM



IPF CLAIMS ~40,000 US LIVES EVERY YEAR

as many as BREAST CANCER UP TO 132,000 PEOPLE IN THE US HAVE IPF,

A RARE AND FATAL LUNG DISEASE

IPF IS DECEPTIVE

OVER of IPF cases are initially misdiagnosed



It can take
1-2 YEARS
to diagnose

WITH
3 OR MORE
DIFFERENT
DOCTORS



AVERAGE LIFESPAN
IS ONLY 3-5 YEARS
AFTER DIAGNOSIS

Often confused with more common diseases:

COPD | ASTHMA | CONGESTIVE HEART FAILURE

WHO'S AT RISK

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS

- Persistent shortness of breath (especially from mild physical activity)
- · Persistent dry, nonproductive cough
- Crackling sound when breathing in (sounds like Velcro®)
- Finger clubbing (widening and rounding of the fingertips)

COMMON RISK FACTORS

- Most common in individuals 50-70 years old
- History of smoking (greater than 20 pack-years)
- Exposure to metal dusts and wood dusts
- · Gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD)
- · Genetics/family history

If you suspect that you or a loved one may have IPF, talk to a doctor about seeing a specialist

VISIT BREATHLESSIPF.COM TO LEARN MORE

COPD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.

