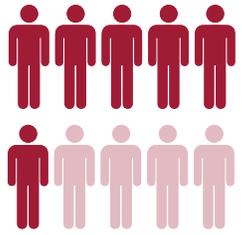


Perspectives in DIABETES CARE

A survey conducted by the American Association of Clinical Endocrinologists (AACE), with support from Sanofi US, found differences in perception between adults living with type 2 diabetes as well as physicians and other medical professionals when it comes to patients' willingness to take action to achieve A1C targets quicker.

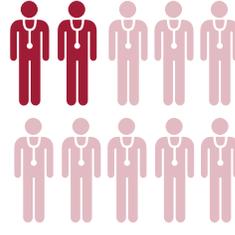
DISCONNECT BETWEEN PATIENT, PHYSICIAN AND OTHER MEDICAL PROFESSIONALS' PERCEPTIONS

ADULTS WITH TYPE 2 DIABETES THINK:



55%

of adults living with type 2 diabetes would be very **WILLING TO DO MORE** to achieve their individualized A1C target quicker.



PHYSICIANS AND OTHER MEDICAL PROFESSIONALS THINK:

ONLY 18%

think that adults living with type 2 diabetes would be very willing to do more to achieve their individualized A1C target quicker.

57%

of adults living with type 2 diabetes would be very **WILLING TO VISIT THEIR PHYSICIANS AND OTHER MEDICAL PROFESSIONALS MORE OFTEN**



vs.

ONLY

19%

of physicians and other medical professionals polled who believe patients would be willing to do so.

52%

of adults living with type 2 diabetes would be very **WILLING TO MAKE MULTIPLE MEDICATION CHANGES**

vs.

ONLY

16%

of physicians and other medical professionals who think patients would be very willing to make these changes.

IMPACT OF NOT REACHING ONE'S INDIVIDUALIZED A1C TARGET

Adults living with type 2 diabetes who have not achieved their individualized A1C target report **NEGATIVE EFFECTS ON THEIR:**



70%

EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING



64%
Happiness



49%
Family life



42%
Social life

22%

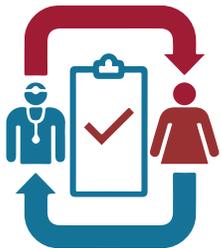


of patients surveyed **DISCONTINUED** their diabetes medication **WITHOUT TALKING TO THEIR PHYSICIANS AND OTHER MEDICAL PROFESSIONALS** and of those

38%

did so because they were not reaching their A1C target quick enough.

IMPLICATIONS FOR DIABETES CARE



PHYSICIANS AND OTHER MEDICAL PROFESSIONALS SHOULD ENSURE they are effectively addressing patients' therapeutic goals when it comes to determining treatment plans.



Physicians and other medical professionals need to recognize that for certain patients, **DIFFERENT DIABETES MANAGEMENT APPROACHES** – in accordance with AACE diabetes guidelines and algorithm which recommend re-evaluating patients every three months – may be appropriate.

The surveys, conducted by the American Association of Clinical Endocrinologists with support from Sanofi US, polled 1,000 adults living with type 2 diabetes who were diagnosed with diabetes from one to five years ago as well as 1,004 physicians (e.g., endocrinologists and primary care physicians) and other medical professionals (e.g., nurse practitioners, physician assistants and pharmacists) in the U.S.