

20 Must-Have Items for Your Healthy Shopping Cart

Every kitchen needs a good foundation of healthy and tasty ingredients. Use this grocery list to choose nutritious foods that can lower your cholesterol and help you better control your blood sugar levels.

- 1. *Milk* The most significant source of calcium in the diet, containing many other essential nutrients, some fortified with vitamin D.
 - Fat-free or low fat 1% milk
 - · Fat-free plain or flavored yogurt without added sugar
 - Reduced fat cheese, string cheese or cottage cheese
- **2.** Soy Beverage If you don't drink milk, unflavored low-fat soy beverage is fortified with calcium and vitamin D.
- **3. Beans** These vegetables are not only very high in fiber, but also an excellent source of protein without the saturated fat. Include dried beans into several meals per week.
 - Dried or canned kidney, pinto or black beans, soy beans (edamame)
- 4. Lentils A great source of protein and loaded with fiber, vitamins and minerals.
 - Yellow, green and brown lentils
- **5.** Nuts and seeds Sources of unsaturated fats, iron, magnesium, manganese, copper, calcium, vitamin B1, vitamin E.
 - Walnuts, almonds, cashews, peanuts, pecans, pine nuts, and pistachios
 - Flax and sunflower seeds
- **6.** Whole grains Whole grains are rich in vitamins, minerals and fiber, all of which should be included in a well balanced diet.
 - Whole-wheat bread and pasta, brown rice, oatmeal, barley, cereals
- 7. Potatoes Some varieties of this starchy vegetable are full of vitamin A and fiber.
 - · Sweet potatoes





- 8. Fruits Valuable sources of vitamins, antioxidants and fiber. Have a variety, especially berries.
 - Blueberries, strawberries or raspberries
 - Apples, bananas, pears, pineapple, watermelon, mango, peaches, grapes
- 9. Citrus fruits Contain soluble fiber and vitamin C.
 - Grapefruit, oranges, lemons or limes
- 10. Tomatoes This fruit is a great source of vitamins and antioxidants.
 - · Raw or canned
- **11.** *Vegetables* The more color the better, fresh or frozen. They provide fiber, vitamins, minerals and antioxidants.
 - Dark green leafy spinach, watercress, kale
 - Carrots, green beans, zucchini, onion, leeks, artichokes, broccoli, kale, Brussels sprouts, cauliflower
- **12.** Lean meats Meat and meat substitutes are great sources of protein. The best choices are the cuts of meats and meat alternatives that are lower in saturated fat and calories.
 - Poultry without skin, lean beef, veggie burgers or tofu
- **13.** *Fish and seafood* Many types of fresh fish are high in omega-3 fatty acids. Omega-3 fatty acids help prevent clogging of the arteries. The ADA recommends eating non-fried fish 2 or 3 times a week.
 - Salmon, sardines, herring, mackerel, tilapia, bronzino, tuna, canned fish packed in water
- **14.** Cooking oils These oils are an essential part of preparing any home cooked meal. Many cooking oils are sources of polyunsaturated fats, or "healthy" fats.
 - Olive, canola, peanut, sunflower, soybean, corn or sesame oils or fat-free cooking spray
- **15.** *Herbs* Be liberal with herbs for flavor to decrease use of fat and salt.
 - Garlic, ginger, cilantro, oregano, basil, rosemary, sage, thyme, tarragon
- **16. Spices** Replacing salt with spices for taste can help control blood pressure as well as blood glucose and blood lipids (cholesterol) levels.
 - Cinnamon, paprika, nutmeg, cumin, turmeric





- 17. *Dressings* Choose liquid oil based dressings instead of cream based that can be high in saturated and trans-fats.
 - Oil based salad dressing
- **18. Spreads** There are healthy options instead of butter that taste great and can be used as a topping or while cooking.
 - Trans free margarine or spreads with plant stanols or plant sterols
- **19.** Sugar substitutes Reduced-calorie sweeteners or "sugar alcohols" contain fewer calories and less carbohydrates than the other sweeteners.
 - · Aspartame, sucralose, saccharine, sorbitol, mannitol
- **20. Beverages** The ADA recommends choosing calorie-free drinks instead of regular soda, fruit punch, sweet tea and other sugar-sweetened drinks.
 - Water and calorie-free drinks
 - Teas: black or green

Reviewed by a Registered Dietitian

